

ENG1DB: Literary (and poetic) devices review

1. A _____ is a comparison that uses “like” or “as”.
2. A _____ uses an object to signal other commonly-understood meanings and associations.
3. _____ refers to the repetition of initial letter sounds in two or more words in the same line or sentence.
4. _____ occurs when the actual meaning differs from the literal meaning.
5. _____ refers to sensory appeal.
6. _____ : this type of narrator makes reference to “I”.
7. A _____ can often be found in the final lines of a poem.
8. A _____ establishes a comparison without using “like” or “as”.
9. _____ occurs when a non-human is given human-like traits.
10. A _____ is the name for a paragraph in a poem.
11. _____ happens when one line of poetry continues onto the next line without any kind of end-stop (period).
12. A _____ is the kind of question that is asked but really needs no answer.
13. An _____ is easy to spot; the word “O!” usually signals it, and it appeals to forces that are unseen or not present.
14. _____ refers to the repetition of the starting word or words in successive clauses.
15. _____ : this type of narrator makes no self-references at all.

WORD BANK (a tricky one)

anaphora simile first-person narration personification imagery metaphor
apostrophe third-person narration stanza irony enjambment symbol
rhyming couplet rhetorical question alliteration onomatopoeia pathetic fallacy